

Chapter 2

Cultural Tourism O2O Business Model Innovation: A Case Study of CTrip

Chao Lu

Beijing Jiaotong University, China

Sijing Liu

Beijing Foreign Studies University, China

ABSTRACT

It is absolutely not an accidental phenomenon that the development of Internet overlaps with boom of business model research. The emergence of the Internet has greatly promoted the development and study of business models. This paper focuses on exploration of O2O business model innovation by analyzing the main types, evolution and driving factors of Chinese Internet business model, taking Ctrip as the example. From the social prospective, O2O business model improves value and feeling of the customer experience as well as the operational efficiency of the enterprise value chain and utilization efficiency of social resources. This paper has also put forward what Ctrip can enlighten the development of tourism enterprises.

INTRODUCTION

In 2005, “Internet +” action program was initiated in the Report on the Work of the Government, which promoted the combination of mobile internet, cloud computing, big data, Internet of Things with the modern manufacturing industry and boosted the sound development of e-commerce, Industrial Internet and Internet Finance. The initiative of “Internet +” program made the business model a hotspot in the business world. In recent years, with the development of the Internet, business model has been innovated and integrated with Internet technology (Johnson et al., 2000; Shafer et al., 2005; Moris et al. 2005; Yovanof&Hazapis, 2008; Casadesus-Masanell, Ricart, 2011). The definition of business model simply refers to a company’s core logic that creates value (Prahalad& Hamel, 1990; Hamel, 1998; Linder and

DOI: 10.4018/978-1-5225-9615-8.ch002

Cantrell, 2000; Thomas, 2001; Magretta, 2002; Wengjunyi, 2004; Voelpel et al., 2004; Yuanlei, 2007; Johnson et al., 2010; Teece, 2010). Business model contains the logic that applied in enterprise business activity (Peterovic, 2001). It can be regarded as the foundation of business activity and implement of business strategy on the concept and structure (Timmers, 1998; Amit & Zott, 2001; Davila et al., 2005; Miles, 2006; Venkatraman & Henderson, 2008; Weill, 2001). Internet business model means the Internet plays a vital role in the business activity including creating enterprise value, income system, process and pathways. In a sense, O2O business model is a kind of business model that put the information and capital flow online and logistics and commercial activity offline along with development of Internet and web technology. The perfect combination of offline business and Internet has helped traditional industry integrate with Internet and boom. Therefore, it is of theoretical and practical importance to study O2O Business Model for the understanding of the development, features and the future of business model. Based on this, this paper analyzed generally the main types, evolution process and driving factors of Internet business model in China, took CTRIP as the example and discussed successfully the innovation of O2O Business Model. In the perspective of the whole society, O2O Business Model can not only improve and promote clients' experience feelings and values, but also the operation efficiency of the enterprise value chain and the utilization efficiency of the social resources. Finally, the paper is concluded with enlightenments for the development of tourism enterprises from CTRIP.

MAIN TYPES OF INTERNET BUSINESS MODEL

The rapid development of Internet technology and the emergence of the Internet have provided an important method to enhance efficiency and a broad new platform for enterprise business activity. In this context, many Internet business models have arisen. The followings are the introduction, analysis of 5 current mainstream Internet business models of China and the expectation for the future of the Internet business model.

Commodity Circulation Oriented

Commodity circulation category Internet business model refers to that Internet replaces one or couples of process of traditional merchandise sales and is regarded as pathway to present commodity, customer communication and commodity sales. This kind of model can be divided into B2B, C2C and B2C. The enterprise in Commodity circulation category can be divided into 2 types according to the range of its commodity--integrated and vertical. Integrated enterprise has a wide range of commodity like Alibaba and Amazon. Vertical enterprises are E- businesses which operate a particular industry product like Fankechengpin and Xie Wang. Many integrated electricity business enterprises is evolved from vertical electric business enterprises. Current evolution trends of the two types of electricity business provider are: comprehensive field has become more comprehensive, while the vertical category is becoming more focused on the segments. Generally speaking, commodity scope in Internet business model has been expanding (life commodities, for example, has been widened to fresh food). It seems that almost all kind commodities would become Internet-based.

15 more pages are available in the full version of this document, which may be purchased using the "Add to Cart" button on the publisher's webpage:

www.igi-global.com/chapter/cultural-tourism-o2o-business-model-innovation/232792

Related Content

Image-to-Image Steganography Using Encoder-Decoder Network

Vijay Kumar, Ashish Choudhary and Harsh Vardhan (2022). *International Journal of Social Ecology and Sustainable Development* (pp. 1-12).

www.irma-international.org/article/image-to-image-steganography-using-encoder-decoder-network/312181

Theories of Corruption “Public Choice-Extractive Theory” as Alternative for Combating Corruption

Olusola Joshua Olujobi and Oluwatosin Michael Olujobi (2020). *International Journal of Environmental Sustainability and Green Technologies* (pp. 68-83).

www.irma-international.org/article/theories-of-corruption-public-choice-extractive-theory-as-alternative-for-combating-corruption/258054

Role of Digitalization Post-Pandemic for Development of SMEs

Emil Joseph and Dhanabhakya M. M. (2022). *Research Anthology on Business Continuity and Navigating Times of Crisis* (pp. 727-747).

www.irma-international.org/chapter/role-of-digitalization-post-pandemic-for-development-of-smes/297331

Eco-Toxicology: Duckweed Growth Inhibition Toxicity Test

Vinay Panwar and Laxman Singh Gautam (2022). *Handbook of Research on Green Technologies for Sustainable Management of Agricultural Resources* (pp. 354-369).

www.irma-international.org/chapter/eco-toxicology/303710

Impact of Lean Supply Chain Management on Operational Performance: A Study of Small Manufacturing Companies

Steve Bin Zhou and Fiona Xiaoying Ji (2020). *Sustainable Business: Concepts, Methodologies, Tools, and Applications* (pp. 1627-1645).

www.irma-international.org/chapter/impact-of-lean-supply-chain-management-on-operational-performance/232868