

# Chapter 8

## Toward Web 2.0 Integration in Indonesian Education: Challenges and Planning Strategies

**Agus Mutohar**

*The University of Texas at Austin, USA*

**Joan E. Hughes**

*The University of Texas at Austin, USA*

### EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

*Numerous efforts have been made to reform education to address globalization both in developed and developing countries. The integration of technology in education has been one vital reform effort in developing countries to prepare graduates for 21<sup>st</sup> century workplaces, which are digitally robust. Web 2.0 technologies are becoming prominent educational and workplace tools. This literature review of Indonesian government policies, NGO initiative reports, and contemporary research explores the integration of Web 2.0 in Indonesian education using an ecological perspective by introducing the Indonesian national educational policy and laws, describing national and non-government organizations' initiatives focused on Web 2.0 integration, identifying salient national and local challenges preventing Web 2.0 integration, and proposing strategies for future planning and research.*

DOI: 10.4018/978-1-4666-2515-0.ch008

Copyright ©2013, IGI Global. Copying or distributing in print or electronic forms without written permission of IGI Global is prohibited.

## ***Toward Web 2.0 Integration in Indonesian Education***

*Challenges identified include lack of technological facilities, an absence of technology standards in education, a standardized testing culture, lack of coordination between government levels (national to local), lack of professional development, and a need for strong school technology leadership. The authors recommend Indonesia engage in comprehensive, visionary planning for Web 2.0 integration with strategies to meet local needs, invest in professional development and technology specialist positions, and advance mobile Web 2.0 computing and BYOT/D initiatives. Future research could examine how ecological factors at the national, provincial, and local levels coordinate to best establish Web 2.0 integration in education at the school level.*

## **INTRODUCTION**

In recent years, the integration of digital technology, especially Internet-based technologies, into education has become very important for both developed and developing countries. The earliest form of the Web, Web 1.0, was built through the use of Hypertext Markup Language (HTML) that coded Web pages for transmitting information from experts to the masses, who read or consumed the information. Web 2.0 technologies have been described as the next generation Web, one that organizes itself semantically through user and data connections with tags and linking. Web 2.0 re-characterizes the Internet as a participatory, collaborative, and distributed network of information, content creators, consumers, and organizing features. All users, who now form the center of the Web, materially participate in the generation of content. Such content can be expressed as original, remixes, or commentary and connections. Users also represent their identity(ies) through public or private profiles in the many formal and informal social spaces. Inter-technology data sharing enables distributed practices and collective intelligence to emerge as prominent (Anderson, 2007; Greenhow, Robelia, & Hughes, 2009; O'Reilly, 2005). Web 2.0 includes social media such as Facebook, Google+, Foursquare, and MySpace; bookmarking such as Diigo, Technocrati, Pinterest, and Digg; and other tools such as tagging tools and remixing tools. With the rapid development and dissemination of Web 2.0 tools, developing countries have considered incorporating Web 2.0 tools, such as Web blog, social media, and wiki, in education. Although there are many obstacles preventing integration of Web 2.0 such as lack of computers and Internet in schools, many developing countries still strive to integrate Web 2.0 tools in many ways with the support from governmental agencies and Non-Governmental Organizations (NGO).

Greenhow, Robelia, and Hughes (2009) state that Web 2.0 holds great promises and challenges for education. Thus, scholarship about Web 2.0 in developing countries is a worthwhile research topic because there will be different patterns in Web

22 more pages are available in the full version of this document, which may be purchased using the "Add to Cart" button on the publisher's webpage: [www.igi-global.com/chapter/toward-web-integration-indonesian-education/73059](http://www.igi-global.com/chapter/toward-web-integration-indonesian-education/73059)

## Related Content

---

### A Novel Approach on Negative Association Rules

Ioannis N. Kouris (2009). *Encyclopedia of Data Warehousing and Mining, Second Edition* (pp. 1425-1430).

[www.irma-international.org/chapter/novel-approach-negative-association-rules/11008](http://www.irma-international.org/chapter/novel-approach-negative-association-rules/11008)

### Data Mining Lessons Learned in the Federal Government

Les Pang (2009). *Encyclopedia of Data Warehousing and Mining, Second Edition* (pp. 492-496).

[www.irma-international.org/chapter/data-mining-lessons-learned-federal/10865](http://www.irma-international.org/chapter/data-mining-lessons-learned-federal/10865)

### Pattern Discovery as Event Association

Andrew K.C. Wong, Yang Wang and Gary C.L. Li (2009). *Encyclopedia of Data Warehousing and Mining, Second Edition* (pp. 1497-1504).

[www.irma-international.org/chapter/pattern-discovery-event-association/11018](http://www.irma-international.org/chapter/pattern-discovery-event-association/11018)

### Privacy Preserving OLAP and OLAP Security

Alfredo Cuzzocrea and Vincenzo Russo (2009). *Encyclopedia of Data Warehousing and Mining, Second Edition* (pp. 1575-1581).

[www.irma-international.org/chapter/privacy-preserving-olap-olap-security/11029](http://www.irma-international.org/chapter/privacy-preserving-olap-olap-security/11029)

### The Effectiveness of Breakout Rooms in Blended Learning: A Case Study in the Faculty of Engineering, Design, and Information Technology (EDICT) Degree at Bahrain Polytechnic

Fatema Ahmed Wali and Zahra Tammam (2024). *Embracing Cutting-Edge Technology in Modern Educational Settings* (pp. 69-92).

[www.irma-international.org/chapter/the-effectiveness-of-breakout-rooms-in-blended-learning/336191](http://www.irma-international.org/chapter/the-effectiveness-of-breakout-rooms-in-blended-learning/336191)