Chapter 1 Top-k Relevant Term Suggestion Approach for Relational Keyword Search

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ABSTRACT

This chapter proposes a novel approach, which can provide a list of keywords that both semantically related to the application domain and the given keywords by analyzing the correlations between query keywords and database terms. The database term is first modeled as <attribute, keyword> and suppose each query keyword can map into a database term. Then, a coupling relationship measuring method is proposed to measure both term intra- and inter-couplings, which can reflect the explicit and implicit relationships between terms in the database. Based on the coupling relationships between terms, for a given keyword query, an order of all terms in database is created for each query keyword and then the threshold algorithm (TA) is leveraged to expeditiously generate top-k ranked semantically related terms. The experiments demonstrate that our term coupling relationship measuring method can efficiently capture the semantic correlations between query keywords and terms in database.

1. INTRODUCTION

Keyword query is becoming a very popular way to obtain the information from the relational database along with its wide spread use on the Web. In real applications, however, most of common Web database users usually have insufficient knowledge about the database content and schema, and they are also lack of keywords related to the searching domain. Thus, it is not easy for them to find appropriate keywords

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to express their query intentions. To explore the database, the user may issue a query with a few general keywords at first, and then gradually refines the query through observing the query results. In such an iteration, the user needs to check each result to identify whether it is related to his interest or not, which is a time-consuming and tedious work.

Consider a DBLP database consisting of 3 relations connected through primary-foreign-key relationships shown in Figure 1.

Suppose a master student who is a XML beginner just knows a few keywords about XML research field and wants to find chapters about the XML search techniques from DBLP website. Based on the DBLP database, he/she would issue a query Q containing keywords "XML, search". On receiving the query Q, the traditional keyword search approach will return a set of minimal total joint networks (MTJNTs), each of which

- 1. Is obtained from a single relation or by joining several relations, and
- 2. Contains all the query keywords.

Since there are too many chapters containing keywords "XML" and "search" in DBLP dataset, there are too many MTJNTs in the query results. In such a case, the user would like the system suggest a list of keywords that are semantically related to Q in order to reduce the searching scope. From Figure 1, it is clearly that the author "Jeffrey" and keywords "XPath", "XQuery", and "twig pattern" are very relevant to Q. That means these terms can refine Q to formulate a more selective query. As an example, the user would execute a query Q'=[Jeffrey, XML, search] to retrieve only the chapters of author Jeffrey on XML searching and the query results are " $a1 \triangleright \lhd w1 \triangleright \lhd p1$ " and " $a1 \triangleright \lhd w2 \triangleright \lhd p4$ ". Additionally,



Figure 1. An example of DBLP database

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