

# Chapter 5

## The Perspectives of Medical Errors in the Health Care Industry

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### **ABSTRACT**

*This chapter presents the overview of medical errors; drug prescription errors and prescribing; the overview of medical error disclosure; medical errors and telemedicine; medical errors and medical education; the overview of nursing medication errors; and the aspects of medical errors in the health care industry. Reducing medical errors, increasing patient safety, and improving the quality of health care are the major goals in the health care industry. Medical errors are caused by mistakes in drug prescription, dosing, and medical administration in inpatient and outpatient settings. Health care-related guidelines, institutional safety practices, and modern health care technologies must be applied in hospitals, clinics, and medical offices to reduce the occurrence of medical errors. The chapter argues that understanding the perspectives of medical errors has the potential to enhance health care performance and reach strategic goals in the health care industry.*

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## **INTRODUCTION**

Health care organizations face a wide range of internal and external factors that enable their ability to provide safe, quality, and reliable health care services (Pate & Swofford, 2016). Medical errors are one of the major threats for patient safety in all countries (Pazokian, Tafreshi, & Rassouli, 2014). Medical errors remain the most commonly occurring error in the health care area (Absulem & Hardin, 2011). The avoidable sources of medical errors include the failure to take a biopsy despite suspicious clinical findings, or incorrect clinicopathological correlations resulting in deleterious effects for the patient (Lehmann, Wesselmann, Weber, & Smentkowski, 2015). Clinicians involved in medical errors can experience significant distress (McLennan et al., 2015). The review and analysis of medical errors have emphasized their preventable potential for reoccurrence (Olaniyan, Ghaleb, Dhillon, & Robinson, 2015).

There is evidence that providers are reluctant to make the compensation for medical errors until a lawsuit is filed (Gawande, 2007). The rising health care costs, partially due to preventable medical errors, lead many hospitals to redouble their process improvement efforts (Gowen, McFadden, & Settaluri, 2012). The impact of digitization has important effect on teleexpertise, where a medical professional can remotely ask health care advices through the utilization of information and communication technology (ICT) toward providing medical treatment to a patient in remote environment (Doumbouya, Kamsu-Foguem, Kenfack, & Foguem, 2015). However, the outcome of such advice remotely obtained can lead to medical errors. It is important to determine whether the causes of the errors can be avoidable or not for the purposes of establishing the truth and assuring justice for the victims of medical errors (Doumbouya et al., 2015).

Providing effective health care service gains an increasing attention over the past few years (Chetouane & Ibraheem, 2016). There is an increasing need for the process improvement in health care systems regarding quality, safety, effectiveness, suitability, speed, efficiency, and uniformity (Institute of Medicine, 2001). Health care managers can make a major impact on safety culture development by promoting the patient safety-related strategies and fostering their employees' motivation to implement the health care improvement programs at the individual and departmental levels (Kagan & Barnoy, 2013). To improve patient safety, hospital managers should establish the reporting mechanisms at the national and international levels (Brady, Malone, & Fleming, 2009).

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