Chapter 5

Original Teaching Materials and School Activities for Students With an Intellectual Disability

Ryoichi Ishitobi University of Tsukuba, Japan

Fumio Nemoto University of Tsukuba, Japan

Youko Sugita University of Tsukuba, Japan

Susumu Nakamura University of Tsukuba, Japan

Toru Iijima University of Tsukuba, Japan

Azusa Takatsu University of Tsukuba, Japan Mimiko Taniuchi University of Tsukuba, Japan

Kaoru Harada University of Tsukuba, Japan

Yoshie Kanno University of Tsukuba, Japan

Kota Tagami University of Tsukuba, Japan

Shodai Tanaka University of Tsukuba, Japan

> Masayuki Yamashita UNI-TY Inc., Japan

Shigeru Ikuta Otsuma Women's University, Japan

ABSTRACT

Most of the present authors, the teachers at the School for the Mentally Challenged at Otsuka, University of Tsukuba, have been creating original teaching aids and materials using low-tech and high-tech methods. Original teaching aids created with woodworking and metalworking are usually used for students with an intellectual disability. The original teaching materials with Grid Onput dot code, which could link multimedia, such as audio, movies, web pages, html files, and PowerPoint files were created in collaboration with one of the present authors, Professor Shigeru Ikuta, who organized a large research project, and Gridmark Inc. that developed Grid Onput dot code. The present authors have recently developed a new software program, SmileNote, to help students create presentation slides in expressing their feelings, will, and desires to classmates, teachers, and parents. Basic information on these materials and their use in schools is presented in this chapter.

DOI: 10.4018/978-1-5225-6240-5.ch005

INTRODUCTION

In Japan, there are 1,135 special needs schools, with approximately 142,000 students enrolled, and nearly 84,000 teachers work in these schools. Of these schools, 553 (nearly one-half; a majority) are for students (91,083 students) with an intellectual disability (Statistics Japan, 2017).

The School for the Mentally Challenged at Otsuka (Otsuka School) is one of 11 schools attached to the University of Tsukuba. The University of Tsukuba, the former Tokyo University of Education, has big Colleges of Education and Disability Sciences. The Otsuka School has four divisions, Kindergarten, Elementary, Junior High, and Senior High Schools, and plays a central leading role. Its successful outcomes are distributed to all of the schools in Japan.

Each student with a disability needs individual, customized teaching aids and materials (Dell et al., 2012). The present schoolteachers have been creating handcrafted teaching aids and materials for students with intellectual disabilities by using woodworking and metalworking, as most special needs schoolteachers do (Figure 1).

In collaboration with Professor Shigeru Ikuta, one of the present authors who organized a fairly large research project, the teachers at the Otsuka School have been creating handcrafted teaching materials using Grid Onput dot codes developed by Grdimark Inc. These novel dot codes can link a maximum of four multimedia, such as audios, movies, web page, etc. Dot codes are so tiny that they can invisibly overlay any graphical letters, photos, and illustrations without impacting the designed visual images.

The Otsuka School teachers, in collaboration with Unity Company, have recently developed a new application called *SmileNote*, which is available on iPad. This software enables students with intellectual

Figure 1. Handcrafted teaching aids created at the Otsuka School



19 more pages are available in the full version of this document, which may be purchased using the "Add to Cart" button on the publisher's webpage:

www.igi-global.com/chapter/original-teaching-materials-and-school-activities-

for-students-with-an-intellectual-disability/209989

Related Content

Using Teams and Technology for Effective Instruction

Dawn E. Woodlandand Linda F. Szul (2008). *Handbook of Research on Instructional Systems and Technology (pp. 300-311).* www.irma-international.org/chapter/using-teams-technology-effective-instruction/20796

Adoption and Dissemination of Digital Game-Based Learning

Jeonghee Huh (2008). *Handbook of Research on Instructional Systems and Technology (pp. 409-415).* www.irma-international.org/chapter/adoption-dissemination-digital-game-based/20804

Online Simulator Use in the Preparing Chemical Engineers

Randy Yerrick, Carl Lundand Yonghee Lee (2013). *International Journal of Online Pedagogy and Course Design (pp. 1-24).*

www.irma-international.org/article/online-simulator-use-preparing-chemical/77897

A Peer Tutoring-Based Concept Mapping Approach to Improving Students' Learning Achievements and Attitudes for a Social Studies Course

Chien-Wen Chuang, Gwo-Jen Hwangand Wen-Jen Tsai (2018). *International Journal of Online Pedagogy* and Course Design (pp. 1-12).

www.irma-international.org/article/a-peer-tutoring-based-concept-mapping-approach-to-improving-students-learningachievements-and-attitudes-for-a-social-studies-course/190842

Errors in the Written Productions of Spanish Undergraduate Engineering Students: A Comparative Analysis

Antonio Daniel Juan Rubio (2023). *Cases on Error Analysis in Foreign Language Technical Writing (pp. 74-*96).

www.irma-international.org/chapter/errors-in-the-written-productions-of-spanish-undergraduate-engineeringstudents/327018