# Chapter 60 ERP Systems Benefit Realization and the Role of ERP–Enabled Application Integration

Joseph K. Nwankpa Miami University, USA

## ABSTRACT

This chapter proposes a conceptual framework that highlights how organizations can exploit ERP-enabled application integration to improve their overall post-implementation ERP benefits while examining the moderating effects of knowledge integration mechanisms. Specifically, the study proposed that intermediate ERP benefits, namely task efficiency and coordination improvement, as well as existing ERP factors, namely current ERP performance and extent of ERP implementation, affect ERP-enabled application integration, which in turn influences overall ERP benefits. A firm-level survey was used to collect data, and structural equation modeling was used to test the hypotheses. The findings support the proposed hypotheses. Significant theoretical and practical implications of these findings are discussed.

## INTRODUCTION

One of the key challenges facing businesses after ERP systems implementation is discerning how to realize pre-implementation benefits. ERP systems are complex software solutions that integrate information and business processes within and across functional areas of business (Davenport, 2000). These systems represent a major departure from the legacy systems and functional information systems that were widespread in the past. Some organizations have successfully implemented and benefited from their ERP system deployments (Nwankpa & Roumani, 2014) and have indeed achieved operational efficiencies and other far-reaching positive changes (Jones et al., 2008), while other organizations are left to grapple with ways to translate pre-implementation expectations into actual post-implementation benefits (Gattiker & Goodhue, 2005). Despite a large body of ERP research literature from a number of different perspectives most published research continues to struggle to adequately explain these mixed results in post-implementation outcomes and benefits (Markus et al., 2000; Nwankpa et al., 2013). As

DOI: 10.4018/978-1-5225-7362-3.ch060

#### ERP Systems Benefit Realization and the Role of ERP-Enabled Application Integration

organizations continue to invest in ERP systems, the overarching question for management becomes how they can optimally realize the potential benefits from their ERP system.

ERP systems as platform technologies provide not only a common business process within the organization but also create an integrated platform that permits the adoption and integration of third party non-ERP applications (Liu et al., 2013; Nwankpa et al., 2013). Thus, organizations with ERP systems can leverage on this information superiority and integrate additional non-ERP applications such as ecommerce applications, customer relationship management (CRM) systems and supply chain planning systems. This level of integration enabled by an ERP system can extend functionalities such as connecting a website to an ERP system as well as advancing information visibility across an organization's value chain (Nwankpa et al., 2013). For instance, integrating CRM and ERP applications can improve operational efficiencies by enabling value-chain processes to adjust promptly to each other (Liu et al., 2013). Firms with CRM applications and ERP systems are able to leverage the CRM applications' ability to extract customer information from multiple customer touch points as well as ERP systems ability to configure product offerings, scheduling, order fulfilment and interdepartmental information exchange (Liu et al., 2013). Given the critical role ERP-enabled third party application integration, studies on ERP benefits that combine ERP-enabled application integration are needed to develop a better grounded theoretical understanding and devise more effective ERP benefit realization practices.

To this end, this study sets out to examine a central research question that has not been adequately investigated in the ERP benefit literature: (i) Is there a positive implication of ERP-enabled application integration on overall ERP benefit? And if yes, what are the antecedents of ERP-enabled application integration? This study attempts to answer this question by conceptually and empirically testing an integrated research model that combines the framework of ERP-enabled application integration and overall ERP benefits with survey data collected from employees in a wide range of United States firms.

The rest of the article is arranged as follows. The next section reviews the extant research on existing ERP system factors, ERP-enabled integration and ERP benefits, and based on this review the study will develop research hypotheses and propose a theoretical model. Next, a description of the research design and data collection, as well as data analyses using structural equation modeling is presented. Next, a discussion and conclusions will be presented.

## BACKGROUND

## ERP System Benefit

Earlier studies on ERP benefits had mixed results. Poston and Grabski (1986) used archival data to examine a group of firms before and after ERP implementation and found no post-implementation general financial improvement. However, a subsequent study found that the financial performance of non-ERP adopters actually decreased over time when compared to those of ERP adopters that remain unchanged (Hunton et al., 2003). Mabert et al. (2000) examined ERP system benefits in US manufacturing firms and found that although ERP use was pervasive in the US manufacturing sector, the system did not lead to significant operating expense reduction. On the contrary, Shang and Seddon (2002) demonstrated that the implementation of ERP systems resulted in significant operational benefits. They developed five dimensions of ERP benefits namely, operational, managerial, strategic, IT infrastructure and organizational and concluded that ERP benefit realization was in fact a continuous process with specific 12 more pages are available in the full version of this document, which may be purchased using the "Add to Cart" button on the publisher's webpage: www.igi-global.com/chapter/erp-systems-benefit-realization-and-the-role-of-

erp-enabled-application-integration/212159

## **Related Content**

## Digitalization, Social Work, and Youth in an Indian Perspective

Pamela Singla (2020). *Youth Work in a Digital Society (pp. 194-213).* www.irma-international.org/chapter/digitalization-social-work-and-youth-in-an-indian-perspective/251650

## Architectural Framework for the Implementation of Information Technology Governance in Organizations

Thami Batyasheand Tiko Iyamu (2019). Advanced Methodologies and Technologies in Business Operations and Management (pp. 417-428).

www.irma-international.org/chapter/architectural-framework-for-the-implementation-of-information-technologygovernance-in-organizations/212128

## The Impact of Strategic Practice Maturity on Arab States' Performance: Social Justice, Sustainable Development, and Democracy Perspectives

Fayez Albadri (2019). *Strategic Thinking, Planning, and Management Practice in the Arab World (pp. 1-29).* www.irma-international.org/chapter/the-impact-of-strategic-practice-maturity-on-arab-states-performance/224512

#### An Overview of Financial Technology in Indonesia

Muhammad Anshari, Mohammad Nabil Almunawarand Masairol Masri (2020). *Financial Technology and Disruptive Innovation in ASEAN (pp. 216-224).* www.irma-international.org/chapter/an-overview-of-financial-technology-in-indonesia/231133

## Women Leadership in the Digital Era

(2021). International Journal of Responsible Leadership and Ethical Decision-Making (pp. 0-0). www.irma-international.org/article//300803