### Chapter 4 Some Basics to the Initial Setup and Maintenance of Serialized Online Learning

#### Shalin Hai-Jew

b https://orcid.org/0000-0002-8863-0175 Kansas State University, USA

#### ABSTRACT

Optimally, the learning sequence experienced by learners is addressed in the instructional design plan. So too is the sequencing of learning objects in the modules, related modules in the course, related courses in a degree program, and so on, from granular objects to larger ones. A variety of learning contents may be conceptualized, at a zoomed-out level, as "serialized" or a part of a series. Serialized online learning refers to any number of types of large-scale sequenced learning, such as endeavors that continue over extended time (such as a number of years), that involve a number of interrelated learning objects (like podcast series), and that serve both new learners and continuing learners. The instructional design for serialized online learning requires front-loaded design considerations and approaches that consider the continuing nature of such learning.

#### INTRODUCTION

In applied instructional design, sequences have virtually always been part of the consideration. What are the assumed pre-requisites for the learning? What order should the experienced learning occur in (Simple to complex? Developmental to more advanced?)? What about the sequence of learning activities? (For example,

DOI: 10.4018/978-1-5225-9833-6.ch004

#### Some Basics to the Initial Setup and Maintenance of Serialized Online Learning

before a field trip or a group simulation, what should the lead-up learning consist of?) What is a reasonable sequence of learning outcomes? In an analytical case study, what information should learners have access to first and then in what sequence thereafter, to highlight different available insights? How should learners transition from one level of knowledge to another? If a process or procedure is taught, what base knowledge should be available to learners, and then how should the sequences be represented for optimal performance? In learning where social interactions are required, what should be the order of interactivity—and to what depth and to what learning ends?

At a zoomed-out level would be large-scale serialized online learning, including projects that continue over years, the creation of a number of interrelated learning objects (in large sets or large series, like podcast series or online encyclopedias), and that serve both new learners and continuing learners. What has not generally been addressed is how to plan, design, and develop such serialized online learning in a way that supports the learners, whether they are new or continuing ones. For example, such serialized online learning may include the following:

- A large set of similar or related learning objects
- A podcast series
- A video series
- An electronic book series
- A public wiki based on a particular topic or domain, and others

This work provides some initial design considerations for large-scale serialized online learning, with some basic assumptions:

- Large-scale serialized learning generally deals with complex learning in particular domains and related fields. The complexity in the learning may be understood cumulatively.
- Large-scale serialized learning will attract a range of learners with evolving needs over time. Some learners will be new ones, and others will be continuing ones.
  - Learners tend to prefer consistency and recognizable patterning.
- The teams that contribute to long-running serialized learning projects will experience turnover and so will need to integrate new contributors (including new leadership) over time. The work standards need to be transferable, and the work practices need to be robust over time.
- The content domain space will evolve and change over time.

13 more pages are available in the full version of this document, which may be purchased using the "Add to Cart"

button on the publisher's webpage: www.igi-

global.com/chapter/some-basics-to-the-initial-setup-and-

maintenance-of-serialized-online-learning/236775

#### **Related Content**

## The Construction of a Web-Based Learning Platform from the Perspective of Computer Support for Collaborative Design

Cheng-Mei Hsu (2013). *International Journal of Online Pedagogy and Course Design* (pp. 44-67).

www.irma-international.org/article/the-construction-of-a-web-based-learning-platform-from-theperspective-of-computer-support-for-collaborative-design/100426

### Peer Interactions: Extending Pedagogical Deliberations into the Virtual Hallway

Anita Chadha (2018). International Journal of Online Pedagogy and Course Design (pp. 1-17).

www.irma-international.org/article/peer-interactions/204980

#### An Exploratory Study of Incorporating Blogfolios Into a College Writing Course

Jerry Chih-Yuan Sun, Geoffrey Middlebrook, Otto Kheraand Ho-Yuan Chen (2018). International Journal of Online Pedagogy and Course Design (pp. 1-15). www.irma-international.org/article/an-exploratory-study-of-incorporating-blogfolios-into-acollege-writing-course/201112

# Play Specialist-Based Intervention in the COVID-19 Era: Crisis and Opportunities of Change – An Experience From Italy

Giulia Perasso, Giulia Boldrini, Alice Maggiore, Chiara Allegriand Gloria Camurati (2021). Handbook of Research on Emerging Pedagogies for the Future of Education: Trauma-Informed, Care, and Pandemic Pedagogy (pp. 401-420). www.irma-international.org/chapter/play-specialist-based-intervention-in-the-covid-19era/276978

## Engineering Education for All: Increasing Access to Engineering Education for Men and Women across the World through Distance Learning

Roofia Galeshi (2017). International Journal of Online Pedagogy and Course Design (pp. 35-47).

www.irma-international.org/article/engineering-education-for-all/176612